



Hotel Performance

January-November 2022

Data are compared against pre-pandemic figures in January-November 2019.

All figures correct as of 02/02/2023.

YTD = Year-to-date.

Bed-space occupancy figures have been calculated excluding those who have not provided the appropriate breakdown of information.

Source: NISRA

Hotel Performance - NI

January-November 2022

Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) accommodation statistics for January-November 2022 indicate hotel room and bed occupancy each experienced a decline compared with the same period pre-pandemic. Year-to-date room sales also decreased slightly in 2022 compared with 2019. Room occupancy for the month of November 2022 increased by 7 percentage points compared to November 2019, while room sales experienced growth of 11%.

YTD Room Occupancy

67%

-2pps vs Jan-Nov 2019

YTD Bed Occupancy

51%

-4pps vs Jan-Nov 2019

YTD Room Sales

2,121,534

-1% vs Jan-Nov 2019

YTD Bed Sales

3,704,159

 \mathbf{A}

+1% vs Jan-Nov 2019

Room and Bed Occupancy

- Northern Ireland (NI) hotel room and bed occupancy figures remain unchanged from the figures reported last month, with the declines compared to 2019 also remaining unchanged from the January-October 2022 report.
- Looking at individual monthly performance, room occupancy in November 2022 (68%) was up by 7 percentage points compared to November 2019. This is the largest single month percentage point increase in room occupancy vs 2019 so far in 2022.
- Bed occupancy in the month of November 2022 also experienced growth of 3 percentage points compared to November 2019.

Room and Bed Sales

- Room sales in the month of November 2022 experienced growth of 11% compared to November 2019. This matched April 2022 (also +11%) as the largest increase in monthly room sales this year.
- As a result,2022 YTD room sales have moved closer to prepandemic room sales than we saw in last month's report. YTD room sales are now just 1% down on 2019 levels.
- Bed sales in November 2022 were 6% higher than 2019, matching the 6% increase seen in October.
- Resultingly, YTD bed sales are now marginally above the January-November bed sales in 2019.





Hotel Performance

January-November 2022

Data are compared against pre-pandemic figures in January-November 2019.

All figures correct as of 02/02/2023.

YTD = Year-to-date.

Bed-space occupancy figures have been calculated excluding those who have not provided the appropriate breakdown of information.

Source: NISRA

Hotel Performance - NI

January-November 2022

Performance during January-November 2022 varied across NI Local Government Districts (LGD). Belfast City recorded the highest room occupancy of all the NI LGDs (72%), and was also the only LGD to match pre-pandemic room occupancy levels.

Hotel room and bed occupancy by Local Government District January-November 2022						
Local Government District	Room Occupancy	Change vs 2019	Bed Occupancy	Change vs 2019		
Antrim and Newtownabbey	*	*	*	*		
Ards and North Down	*	*	*	*		
Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon	*	*	*	*		
Belfast City	72%	No Change	53%	-4pps		
Causeway Coast and Glens	66%	-3pps	47%	+2pps		
Derry City and Strabane	65%	-3pps	53%	+3pps		
Fermanagh and Omagh	61%	-9pps	56%	No Change		
Lisburn and Castlereagh	*	*	*	*		
Mid and East Antrim	69%	-2pps	55%	-4pps		
Mid Ulster	*	*	*	*		
Newry, Mourne and Down	57%	-2pps	49%	+6pps		

^{* =} sample size too small to provide a reliable estimate.

^{**}pps = percentage points





January-November 2022

Data are compared against pre-pandemic figures in January-November 2019.

All figures correct as of 02/02/2023.

YTD = Year-to-date.

Bed-space occupancy figures have been calculated excluding those who have not provided the appropriate breakdown of information.

Source: NISRA

GH/GA/BB Performance - NI

January-November 2022

Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) accommodation statistics for January-November 2022 indicate that guesthouses, guest accommodation and B&Bs (GH/GA/BB) experienced increases in both room occupancy and sales compared to 2019 figures. Performance suggests this sector is continuing to progress better in its recovery than hotels.

YTD Room Occupancy

37%

 \mathbf{A}

+3pps vs Jan-Nov 2019

YTD Bed Occupancy

29%

lacksquare

+1pp vs Jan-Nov 2019

YTD Room Sales

514,722

+19% vs Jan-Nov 2019

YTD Bed Sales

902,216

+14% vs Jan-Nov 2019

Room and Bed Occupancy

- Northern Ireland guesthouses, guest accommodation and B&Bs (GH/GA/BB) have had a positive January-November 2022 period, with figures indicating that this sector continues to be further along in its recovery than the hotel sector.
- January-November 2022 room occupancy is 3 percentage points above levels seen during the same period in 2019, whilst bed occupancy is up 1pp on the first eleven months of 2019.
- GH/GA/BB room occupancy in the month of November 2022 saw growth of 10pps compared to the same month in 2019, while bed occupancy increased by 7pps.
- Last month (October 2022), room and bed occupancy each increased by 7pps.

Room and Bed Sales

- There have been over 514,000 rooms and more than 900,000 bed spaces sold in guesthouses, guest accommodation and B&Bs so far in 2022.
- NI GH/GA/BB room sales for January-November 2022 have increased by 19% compared to January-November 2019.
- Looking at individual monthly performance, room sales in November 2022 grew significantly (+45%) compared to November 2019. This follows on from increases of 28% and 31% respectively in the previous two months.
- November 2022 bed sales also saw large growth of 44%.
 This follows on from 42% and 12% increases respectively in October and September 2022.





GH/GA/BB Performance

January-November 2022

Data are compared against pre-pandemic figures in January-November 2019.

All figures correct as of 02/02/2023.

YTD = Year-to-date.

Bed-space occupancy figures have been calculated excluding those who have not provided the appropriate breakdown of information.

Source: NISRA

GH/GA/BB Performance - NI

January-November 2022

Room and bed-space occupancy varied across Local Government Districts (LGDs) during January-November 2022. Belfast City LGD recorded the highest room occupancy (64%) by a considerable margin, while Lisburn & Castlereagh recorded the largest increase in room occupancy compared with January-November 2019 (+12pps).

GH/GA/BB room and bed-space occupancy by Local Government District January-November 2022						
Local Government District	Room Occupancy	Change vs 2019	Bed Occupancy	Change vs 2019		
Antrim and Newtownabbey	35%	-2pps	32%	+7pps		
Ards and North Down	29%	+5pps	27%	+10pps		
Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon	27%	+1pp	24%	+2pps		
Belfast City	64%	+10pps	46%	-1pps		
Causeway Coast and Glens	30%	+3pps	27%	+4pps		
Derry City and Strabane	35%	-1pp	32%	+2pps		
Fermanagh and Omagh	31%	-5pps	24%	-2pps		
Lisburn and Castlereagh	44%	+12pps	35%	+6pps		
Mid and East Antrim	35%	+1pp	34%	+8pps		
Mid Ulster	35%	-9pps	26%	-2pps		
Newry, Mourne and Down	26%	No Change	20%	-1pp		

^{*}Bed-space occupancy figures have been calculated excluding those who have not provided the appropriate breakdown of information.

^{**}pps = percentage points